

Argentina	<p>The consignee must be a licensed, commercial alcoholic beverage importer and must hold the applicable state and the Import Certificate of Authorisation for each shipment.</p> <p>Customs clearance and collection of the shipment from the airport is the responsibility of the consignee.</p> <p>Duty: 20.5%, VAT: 21%</p> <p>Consignee must hold an import license at the Wine National Institute to be able to clear the shipment through Customs.</p> <p>Please get your receiver to contact Argentina DHL Express prior to shipping a consignment of wine to enable us to give you the most current information.</p>
Aruba	<p>The limit is about 10 bottles and no permits / licenses required. Anything above this qty, receiver must provide an importer with correct permits The charges are US\$ 228.57 per hectoliter and an additional US\$ 57.14 for having someone inspect the items.</p>
Australia	<p>Wine containing Glycol is prohibited.</p> <p>Duty: 5%, GST: 10%, WET*: 29%</p> <p>(*WET = wine equalisation tax) - (CUSTOMS VAL + DUTY + T AND I) X 29%</p> <p>Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days.</p> <p>The AUD\$1,000 low value threshold does not apply to wine. Important note: Duty and tax is payable on all shipments of wine regardless of value. Samples are not exempted. Calculations are based on Alcohol % not value.</p>
Austria	<p>No known limitations.</p> <p>VAT: 20%. No consumption VAT.</p> <p>When quantity is greater than 300L, a wine certificate ex. origin IOS is necessary.</p> <p>For customs clearance, we need correct commercial invoice which should contain: shipper- and receiver data (Name and Address), full list and description of goods, number of pieces and commercial market value for each item and freight costs.</p> <p>Hint: You can add the number of packages and the freight costs in the Special Instructions box on the commercial invoice.</p>
Bahrain	<p>Consignee must have an import license for commercial quantity. Maximum of 2 bottles can be imported for personal consumption.</p> <p>Duty: 125% of the total CIF (declared value, insurance and freight).</p> <p>Clearance time is 48 business hours when a copy of the import license is provided.</p> <p>The following needs to be provided by consignee if value exceed USD\$1,300. WB, invoice, Country of Origin (COO).</p> <p>Import license is compulsory. Shipment can be cleared on arrival if import license is provided beforehand. Expect delay in clearance until import license is presented by consignee.</p>

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Bangladesh	<p>Wine import is restricted in Bangladesh. May be importable by foreign exchange earning hotels.</p> <p>Average clearance time is 2 to 3 business days. Such items may be imported by firstly obtain license/ permission from the Director General, Narcotics Control Department. In special cases, such items may be imported with approval of Ministry of Commerce and prior permission from Chief Controller. Subject to specified conditions. All alcoholic beverages are offensive to the Muslim culture.</p>
Barbados	<p>No known limitations</p> <p>Average clearance time is 2 to 3 business days.</p>
Belgium	<p>No known limitations.</p> <p>Duties vary depending on alcohol vol. percentage and type of wine VAT: 21%</p> <p>VI 1 certificate or VI 2 documentations is required in case shipment contains over 100 litres.</p>
Bermuda	<p>No known restrictions.</p> <p>Contact Get Freight for duties and tax rates.</p>
Bosnia and Herzegovina	<p>Import of alcoholic beverages of any kind for private individuals is forbidden in Bosnia. Alcohol can only be imported by licensed legal entity, i.e. company that is registered importer.</p>
Brazil	<p>Shipments accepted only to companies as consignee. Import license required.</p> <p>For formal import, taxes and duties vary based on the NCM (HS) code.</p> <p>All wine imports are processed under Formal Import clearance procedures.</p> <p>Personal shipments of wines are not allowed.</p> <p>Original invoice signed with blue ink, packing list and Certificate of Origin (COO).</p> <p>Import license required. Consignee must be registered with the Agriculture Ministry.</p> <p>If the wine is sent for the first time to Brazil, a sample must be collected for analysis by the MA. (Brazilian FDA).</p>

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Bulgaria	<p>Please also note that if DHL will clear the shipment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proof of Attorney letter is required. • Receivers import code called EORI number. If it's a business that imports/exports often they'll know. • VII Form from the ministry of agriculture in Australia • Analytical certificate with data for: colour, sort/brand, alcoholic content (%), pressure in the bottle, sugar contents; kind of alcoholic contents (natural fermentation or additional alcohol); geographic region; crops; • Photocopy of the label on the bottle VAT: 20% <p>Duty and excise: Depends on the type of wine.</p> <p>A full data declaration submitted and registered by Customs. Co-ordination with Common Agricultural Policy department of Bulgarian Customs is obligatory.</p> <p>Clearance time can take up to 2 business days.</p> <p>Analytical certificate with information for: colour, sort/ brand, alcoholic content (%), pressure in the bottle, sugar contents; kind of alcoholic contents (natural fermentation or additional alcohol); geographic region; crops. Copy of the label on the bottle; VII form from shipper, issued by Agricultural Ministry of shipping country.</p>
Cambodia	<p>Customer Service there has advised that wine is ok to send to Cambodia. They do not consider wine a spirit so its ok. They've advised to send as normal.</p>
Canada	<p>All alcohol must be addressed to the Provincial Alcohol Board of the province the consignee resides in with a C/O noting the consignee/importer.</p> <p>For Alcohol entering Canada, DHL is not permitted to clear.</p> <p>DHL are obligated to notify the designated broker for each province as appointed by the Liquor Control Board</p> <p>DHL do not notify the receiver upon arrival, only the broker.</p> <p>The broker in turn will notify the receiver of the clearance costs associated with clearance Since</p> <p>DHL is never the broker, we cannot provide the broker's fee's. They would all differ.</p> <p>There is no DDP available for Canada so DDU must be select for receiver to pay all duties and taxes. - Per Canadian customs regulations.</p> <p><u>We have a FAQ sheet with rates and handy info upon request (including individual province duty and tax rates which vary widely)</u></p>
Chile	<p>Up to 24 bottles of the same type of wine can be cleared without resolution. Greater than 24 bottles the customer must have special resolution to import. Duty: 6% over CIF*</p> <p>Tax: 19% over (CIF* & Duty)</p> <p>*Declared value, insurance and freight.</p> <p>Average clearance time is 2 to 3 business days.</p> <p>All wine imports are reviewed by the Agricultural government agency call "SAG" (Servicio Agricola y Ganadero)</p>

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China	<p>We have 2 procedures in place for shipping wine to China</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Via BTL in Adelaide (Consumer shipments and samples if you wish - No need for licences/permits etc.) Need to select the CHINA tab on our booking system. <u>We have a FAQ sheet with rates and handy info upon request</u> 2. Via DHL if they are Samples (2 bottles or less) > Need to select Rest of the world on our booking system Import duty: 14%, VAT: 17% <p>In addition, Customs requires additional information for valuation purposes. Average clearance time is 3 to 5 business days. Special considerations: Shipment may require physical inspection by the Foods and Quarantine Department. Import license from Quarantine is required. Clearance time depends on consignee's ability to obtain the license. Certificate of Origin and sanitary certificate from origin country authority are also required.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the shipment is delivered for personal use, it should be cleared as personal effect. Cnee should provide ID or passport copy for declaration. • If the shipment is for company use, it should be cleared as formal declaration with original certificate, import license, etc. <p>If you wish to send Samples to China it would be handy if you could provide the Harmonised System Code, Power of Attorney form and complete invoice in Chinese and have it sent over with the wine, this is a way of hopefully getting a quicker clearance.</p>
Cyprus	<p>Sample and gift shipments must not exceed 3 litres in quantity and USD\$25 in value. Large commercial shipments must send via Airfreight service on a Door-to-Airport basis. VAT: 19% for non-EU countries. If shipment arrived from EU country, it must include AAD (Administrative Accompany Documents). (from EU tax warehouse to Cyprus tax warehouse) Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days for all non-EU countries. 10Litre maximum is for a commercial shipment. 3Litre maximum is for private individual.</p>
Czech Republic	<p>Duty free limit 2 litres of wine and 1 litre of sparkling wine. Duty: 0% VAT: 21% Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days. Certificate of Origin (COO) may be included. <u>No Known limitations.</u> Duties and taxes depends on exact type of wine and % of alcohol. For example, 3 L of white wine 13% - duty fee is 267,5 CZK/ 100L. The duty fee is very low.</p>
Denmark	No Restrictions

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Egypt	<p>Due to Laws of Muslim religion, alcohol is a prohibited commodity for transport on the DHL Door-to-Door Express Freight service. Shipments must be sent on a Door-to-Airport, Airfreight basis. Tariff: 3,000%, Duty: 200% on top of CIF* *Declared value, insurance & freight. Clearance through Egyptian Customs is the responsibility of the consignee. If the shipment contains more than 4 litres, Analysis Certificate and a Health Certificate must be provided to Customs to enable clearance.</p>
El Salvador	<p>In Addition to the usual paperwork you send, Pricing List and health permit are required for clearance. The receiver will be contacted by the freight transporter for this directly.</p>
Fiji	<p>No known limitations. Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days. There is no restriction in getting wines to Fiji for personal importation as long as they willing to pay duty & taxes to Customs. Tax Identification number is required by Cnee for Customs clearance”</p>
Finland	<p>For shipments in excess of 5 litres, the consignee must apply for an import permit. Alcohol cannot be imported as a gift. Duty, VAT, alcohol tax and recycling tax vary depending on the alcohol content and type of wine. Recycling tax is related to the packages recycling possibilities. Average clearance time is 3 to 4 business days. Fiscal clearance requires manual approach. When exporting outside EU, a Country of Origin (COO) authority approved VI 1 document is required. Authorised laboratory analyses. The document should accompany the parcel and to be attached to the declaration. There are some exceptions and reliefs to VI 1 document, if wine is packed max 5 litres and total amount of wine do not exceed 100 litres. Samples can only be sent as DDP so please ensure you select Shipper to pay, per local Finland import rules.</p>

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France	<p>Sample and gift shipments must not exceed 3 litres in quantity and USD\$25 in value.</p> <p>Large commercial shipments must be sent via an Airfreight service on a Door-to-Airport basis. Manual Airwaybill directly consigned to the customer or a thirdparty broker.</p> <p>No duties or taxes are applicable to sample or gift shipments if it meets the restrictions criteria.</p> <p>Duty, tax and VAT charges for commercial shipments are calculated upon arrival by French Customs and vary depending on the wine, volume and percentage of alcohol.</p> <p>Over these limits, DHL FR cannot ensure clearance: in such case shipment, must be consigned directly to consignee's customs broker whose full name and address must be mentioned on both AWB and invoice.</p> <p>In case of undervaluation or for e-commerce shipments, Customs may decide to apply excise duties and taxes even if the value is below 22€ deminimis threshold</p> <p><u>Restrictions to import alcoholic beverages into France:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only 3 bottles max per shipment as gift/free samples • Declared value must be less than Euros 22 (about USD 20). • No duties and taxes charged for this quantity on low value basis. <p>*Over these limits, Consignee must use a customs broker and shipment must be consigned directly to consignee's customs broker whose full name and address must be mentioned on both AWB and invoice. Sorry but DHL do not work with customs brokers for clearance: consignee has to arrange with customs broker directly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AWB and Invoice must be included as per normal. <p>** The broker that clears your wine must also take responsibility for delivery – they will also have their own fees. We cannot provide a quote on this **</p>
Germany	<p>No known limitations.</p> <p>VAT: 19%</p> <p>Duty depends on the type of wine. No excise tax as long as it is not sparkling wine.</p> <p>Depends on the receiver of the goods (usually clearance under Customs procedure code 4000 with duty and VAT). Handy tip: On your commercial invoice type this in the special instructions area: “Nur zum Eigenverbrauch. Kein Weiterverkauf”). This helps a great deal with clearance and is basically German for “for private consumption only, not for resale”</p>

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Greece	<p>Wines with 12%–14% alcohol content: VAT: 23% Import duty: 13.1€/per 100 litres.</p> <p>Champagne/Sparkling wine: VAT: 23% Import duty 32€/per 100 litres.</p> <p>Consignee is contacted by DHL Greece prior to clearance to agree whether DHL or consignee’s broker will handle Customs clearance.</p> <p>Shipments are held in Customs upon arrival for Formal Import clearance procedures (pre-clearance not possible).</p> <p>Following provision of import documentation, the average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days.</p> <p>All clearances are handled at Athens gateway, or can be transhipped to Thessalonica gateway if consignee selects self-clearance at Thessalonica (cannot be transhipped to any other Customs airport in Greece). Consignee must provide following documentations:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Electronic clearance authorisation (must have Greece TAX ID) 2) Hard copy clearance authorisation (Original copy with notarised signature by relative authority) 3) EORI* number for imports valued over 1,000€*(Economic Operator Registration and Identification [EU]) <p>1) Companies: Consignee must be a registered wine importer. Private Individuals: Quantity limited to approx. 6 bottles for personal consumption.</p> <p>2) Special Clearance Services apply: If DHL handles Customs clearance on behalf of the consignee, an import clearance fee will be charged to the consignee (excluding shipments sent on DTP basis). If clearance is handled by consignee’s broker, Hand-over-to Broker fee and Warehouse Handling fee will be charged.</p>
Hong Kong	<p>Duty Free</p> <p>No matter if the importer is a license holder or not, for importing Liquor with alcohol of 30% or more, import duty has to be paid before delivery, Customs may process duty assessment for the estimate duty amount of the shipment after inspection, and not the exact value.</p>

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Hungary	<p>For all commercial shipments, consignee requires an import license and must provide a written authority from the Institute of the Wine Quality of Hungary. The wine is classed as an excisable product and the consignee is required to also provide an excise license. Average clearance time is 3 business days, provided that the consignee produces all necessary documentation to Customs and approves a power of attorney which authorises DHL to clear the shipment on their behalf.</p> <p>- Full description of contents; unit price of item and total value of shipment (detailing currency); signature and company stamp.</p> <p>Private shipment maximum qty for sparkling 1 litre, for still wine 2 litres, alcohol above 22% 1 litre. If exceeds qty, receiver must provide an excise licence.</p>
India	<p>State excise import license is required from State Excise department.</p> <p>Duty on importing wine is 150% on assessable value. Average clearance time is 2 to 3 business days, provided that the consignee produces an import license and agrees to pay duty fees.</p> <p>Documents required from consignee are as below:</p> <p>Authority letter from consignee authorising DHL for clearance on their behalf – State import license. Any</p> <p>3 documents from the Know Your Customer (KYC) procedure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Certificate of incorporation - Memorandum of Association - Articles of Association - Power of Attorney (POA) granted to its manager, officers or employees to transact business on its behalf – Copy of PAN allotment letter– Copy of telephone bill. <p>Formal clearance documents are listed below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Import export code copy - GATT and declaration duly signed and stamped by importer. <p>All shipments received into India need consignees KYC documents (Government recognized Identity and Address proof) to be presented to Customs during shipment clearance. Import clearance cannot start unless KYC documents and Authorization approvals are uploaded in www.dhlindia-kyc.com</p> <p>For sending food a "No Objection Certificate" is required to be completed and signed by govt authority.</p>

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Indonesia	<p>Requires licenses from Ministry of Trade: Registered Importer for Alcoholic Beverages (IT-Alcoholic Beverages). Import Approval Certificate for Beverages containing Ethyl Alcohol (SPI-MMEA). Duty: IDR 55,000/litre VAT: 10% PPh 22: 2% to 5% of import value.</p> <p>Varied clearance time based on how the shipment is imported: formal, informal or free trade zone. Consignee requires permit from The National Agency of Drug & Food Control, regardless quantity, weight, value and purpose of shipping.</p> <p>Personal importation is not allowed. (http://www.pom.go.id/index.php/home/en and www.bcsotta.net). Value FOB >USD 1,500 required to have Certificate of Inspection (LS)</p> <p>The Indonesia's National Agency of Drug and Food has implemented stricter controls for importation of Cosmetics and Foodstuff. Both commodities are restricted and prohibited based on below criteria :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Personal importation of cosmetics and foodstuff is prohibited regardless of quantity, weight, value and purpose of shipping and for all shipments arrive as mentions will be follow RTO process. b. Business entity importation of cosmetics is restricted and a permit from the National Agency of Drug & Food Control (BPOM) is required. The consignee is required to apply for this permit c. For FOB >USD 1,500 Certificate of Inspection from Origin required. <p>Please advise shippers/ account holders/ cash customers to consider above information before sending Cosmetics and Foodstuff to Indonesia. Shipments not cleared within 30 days will be handed over to Customs for disposal as per Customs law.</p>
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Ireland	<p>Please check if Northern or Southern Ireland. For Northern Ireland refer to UK, South see below: No known limitations. Goods which exceed 15% alcohol content require additional taxes to be paid. VAT: 23%, Freight Charges should be mentioned on the commercial invoice, otherwise DHL Will apply a standard freight fee. 1 Liquor: The invoice must declare the volume of liquid and the percentage of alcohol. High rates of duty & excise can apply. (Alcoholic Beverages Proof or Purchase (POP) -> All goods arriving from Asia Pacific under a value of 100 euro, the consignee is required to provide proof or purchase i.e. (credit card, PayPal/Western Union/Bank Statement to ie.imports@dhl.com prior to arrival of the goods</p> <p>So let them know you shouldn't change the amounts on the invoice because if the wines are worth more than 100 Euro, theyre going to ask the cnee to send the receipt. Qty shouldn't be an issue. When duties and taxes Invoice is generated for receiver to pay – It will list "Other Levy", the breakdown of this Levy is as follows:</p> <table data-bbox="387 587 985 909"> <tr> <td>Statistical Value:</td> <td>€224.468</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Excise Duty due to Alcohol:</td> <td>€200.740</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Vat:</td> <td>€97.80</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DHL Admin Fee:</td> <td>€14.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total:</td> <td>€313.04</td> </tr> </table>	Statistical Value:	€224.468	Excise Duty due to Alcohol:	€200.740	Vat:	€97.80	DHL Admin Fee:	€14.50	Total:	€313.04
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Israel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maximum Qtys for Private/Gift Vs Commercial? \$50 (ISRAEL CURRENCY) \$18.07 AUD • Paperwork required is invoice only • Receiver have to obtain a permit from Ministry of health in Israel Taxes 12% duty + 1.39 ILS for litre + 17% VAT <p>Shipper must indicate on invoice "for personal use" and client must be private person (not company) so no approval will be required</p>										

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Italy	<p>Private use (up to 5 litres), goods must be notified to Sanitary Authorities without extra costs. SCS €30.</p> <p>Company or for sale, goods must be subject to Sanitary authorisation (additional costs apply, approx. €70) SCS 30.00. If quantity is greater than 100 litres, additional information may be requested. Average clearance time is 3 to 4 business days. Sanitary authorisation.</p> <p>Spirits & distillates: If destination to a company, must be transferred to a certified broker with additional costs and delays. If destination to privates: up to 1 litre, max 45 euros.</p> <p>Wine: if dest to a company, subject to authority from Ministry of Health, additional cost and delay. If destination to privates, subject to authority from Minister of Health, additional cost and delays, max 5 litres.</p> <p><u>If addressed to an exhibition:</u> Under 100L</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wines must be clearly marked on the invoice as Non-commercial use, Exhibition purposes only not for resale. • The importer must be a company who is VAT registered <input type="checkbox"/> No import licence needed <p>**Beer**</p> <p>“Please be informed that this type of goods requires the authorization of Ministry of Health before clearance. We will contact Italian customer in order to receive customs declaration.</p> <p>In order to import we need to have an Italian EORI number (VAT number of the cnee).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the wine/beer is for sale: is mandatory obtain the authorization from the Ministry of Health The additional costs are 55,28 € + 30 € (the total plus VAT) . • If the wine/beer is for technical tests: we sent a notice to the Ministry of Health for this import. No additional costs. • If the wine/beer is for personal use: importation is allowed for a maximum quantity of 5 litres, otherwise importation is forbidden and rto will be done. The additional cost is 30 €/shp. <p>Beer has the same restrictions as spirits and distillates:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - from a company to a company: shipment must be transferred to a certified broker with additional cost and delays (SCS euros 70,00). This is valid for any value and weight. - from private individual to private individual: importation is allowed for a maximum quantity of 1 liter and value max eur 45, otherwise importation is forbidden and RTO will be done. The additional cost is 30 €/shp. In case of DTP (Duty & Tax Paid) service, DHL charges to the origin only DUTY and VAT. SCS (Customs Services) & additional cost (e.i. 55.28 Euro MoH fee) will be applied to the Importer.
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Jamaica	<p>Jamaica do not have a qty Limit.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The 1st Litre Is Duty Free, then duties will be applied. • Duties are at around 80% and they charge this on freight as well.
Japan	<p>Please check your receivers address against our Remote area surcharge list to see whether their postcode falls in this range. If so, you need to charge them an additional \$30. Please ask Get Freightd for a copy of the Remote Area List.</p> <p>No known limitations for personal/company use.</p> <p>Food licence may be requested by customs for larger shipments that are not for personal use or samples. E.g. Sold to a Japanese client while they were in Japan.</p>
Korea, Republic of South	<p>No known limitations but consignee will need to comply with following requirements.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Up to 6 bottles: Korea Customs' sample label. - Over 6 bottles: require the food quarantine with origin's quarantine certificate. Duty: Approx. 15% of CIF* value. <p>Wine tax: Approx. 30% of CIF* value.</p> <p>Duty education tax: Approx. 10% of CIF*, value duty and Wine tax.</p> <p>VAT: 10% of CIF* value, duty & plus taxes.</p> <p>*Declared value, insurance & freight.</p> <p>Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days.</p> <p>If the shipment is for commercial purposes, the shipment should be accompanied by a Certificate of Origin (COO) and Origin's Quarantine Certificate, which will then be processed by the Food Quarantine in Korea.</p> <p>You can send wine to individuals, it's very flexible with the amount, Wine Guide state 6 bottles but you can send more, but it may be held up. Customs will ask what wine will be used for & Quarantine Certificate may be required. Duty 15%, Wine tax 30%, VAT 10%.</p> <p>Customs may state it needs a sample label, and will paste "SAMPLE" label onto the wine label to prevent selling those wines in Korea. If over 6 bottles customs may require a Certificate of origin.</p> <p>Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days. If the shipment is for commercial purposes, the shipment should be accompanied by a Certificate of Origin (COO) and Origin's Quarantine Certificate, which will then be processed by the Food Quarantine in Korea.</p>
Kuwait	<p>Due to the laws of the Muslim religion, alcohol is prohibited from being imported into Kuwait.</p>

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Latvia	<p>Must provide a license issued by Latvian authorities, confirming that they are a licensed alcohol trader. If goods have no Latvia tax stickers, it will be dispatched to Excise Customs warehouse. Sanitary border control conduct checks on contents and information about sulphides. All bottles must have information provided about the product. Duties and taxes vary depending on the type of wine and also the alcohol percentage. VAT: 21%</p> <p>Non-commercial shipments can be cleared at Customs. All duties, excise tax and VAT are paid at the border. Commercial shipments with transit procedure will be dispatched to Excise Customs warehouse. For transit, necessary specific excise guaranties, the consignee will need to follow Customs procedures.</p> <p>No DDP (DTP) service for excise goods.</p>
Lithuania	No known limitations. Depends on commodity code. License to import alcohol.
Luxembourg	<p>Private use: maximum 2 bottles of wine.</p> <p>Duties and taxes vary depending on the type of wine and alcohol percentage.</p> <p>VAT: 12%</p> <p>Excise shipments normally requires 1 extra business day for clearance.</p> <p>Consignee must have registered status as an importer in Luxembourg. No de-minimis applies.</p>
Macau	<p>For white wine/Red wine</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Alcoholic percentage is below 30% and the value is below USD 640, No paperwork is required - Alcoholic percentage is below 30 % and the value is over USD640, import declaration is required <p>For Liquor Import Permit is required, if receiver can't provide that paperwork, DHL can assign a broker for receiver to apply the permit for clearance.</p>
Macedonia	Max quantity: 1 litre only as sample or gift, otherwise unacceptable.

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Malaysia	<p>Sending wine <u>for commercial usage</u> will require import license approved by the Royal Malaysian Customs and has to be applied by the importer. The import duties, excise can only be determined if you are able to provide the HS Code specifically. Nevertheless, 6% of GST will also be incurred based on the Customs Value (CIF) + Import Duties + Excise Duties</p> <p><u>For personal use</u>, License is exempted. However, the wine needs to be consigned to an individual and can only be approved on clearance by a Customs Officer of a higher rank (usually the Station Head or Assistant).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For a shipment of wine to be cleared as personal usage there must be no more than 4 bottles of wine per AWB. • There is no limit on how many AWBs can be cleared as personal usage though, so if you want to send a dozen bottles they will just need to be split up over three AWBs to clear as a personal shipment. • DHL can clear the wine, it doesn't need to be handed to a distributor. The receiver just needs to provide an import licence. Private/company can both apply, they don't need to be an alcohol-affiliated business. <p><u>Please ask Get Freighted for the licencing process if sending more than 4 bottles</u></p>
Malta	<p>No known limitations.</p> <p>Main tariff is 2402 but there are various different tax levels that depend on alcohol volume, type of wine and quantity.</p> <p>Wine will normally pay import duty, excise tax and VAT.</p> <p>Standard formal clearance declaration plus a required Port Health Authority clearance. Wine and any other alcohol cannot be sent as a gift.</p>
Mauritius	<p>All beverages must have clearance from The Ministry of Health prior to release. Production dates, expiry dates and full list of ingredients must be listed on the product outer backing, if not done shipment will be seized & destroyed. This includes alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages. □ Quantity Limits for personal use – Less than 5 bottles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quantity Limits for private use – Less than 5 bottles • Duties and Taxes estimation – 15% Vat + 15% Duty + Excise Duty (Rate depends on type of wine) calculated on CIF Value of goods • Restrictions – None as such. Shipment should be accompanied with a proper commercial invoice with real value/description/qty/ nbr of litres/ currency and cnee/cnor name & address. • Types of permits/licences and where to obtain - Release from Ministry of Health required – To seek upon arrival of shipment. To ensure bottles are well labelled with Man./Exp. Date, English or French list of ingredients.

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Mexico	<p>No known limitations.</p> <p>Wine alcohol contents less than 14%. Duty: 1.00/litre 45% VAT: 16%</p> <p>Wine alcohol contents less than 20%. Duty: 1.00/litre 50% VAT: 16%</p> <p>Wine alcohol contents greater than 20%. Duty: 1.00/litre 70% VAT: 16%</p> <p>Average clearance time is 2 to 3 business days. No commercialisation letter.</p> <p>A detailed Commercial Invoice “Marbetes” Local Label (Label provided by government)</p> <p>For formal and informal imports, alcoholic beverages cannot be imported even as a gift, can only be imported with authorization labels (for alcoholic beverages) which must be provided by the cnee with the Ministry of Economy, Rate for duties (Regulation duty (IEPS)) and taxes could be up to 140.67% depending on alcohol grain. Wine cannot be imported as gift (regardless of the qty).</p>
Monaco	<p>Here are our restrictions to import alcoholic (or not alcoholic) beverages into France:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only 3 bottles max per shipment as gift/free samples • Declared value must be less than Euros 22 (about USD 20). • No duties and taxes charged for this quantity on low value basis. <p>Over these limits, DHL FR cannot ensure clearance: in such case shipment must be consigned directly to consignee’s customs broker whose full name and address must be mentioned on both AWB and invoice. Customs broker will have to ensure clearance and delivery for consignee.</p>

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Morocco	<p>For private use, 2 to 4 bottles are allowed under gift status.</p> <p>Duty: 35%</p> <p>Tax: 15%</p> <p>VAT: 20%</p> <p>Average clearance time is 2 to 3 working days.</p> <p>Consignee must provide authorisation from local Control and Fraud Repression Bureau (standard requirement for all shipments of foodstuff, regardless of content, value and quantity).</p> <p>Importer of Records (Consignee) needs to have license prior to import.</p>
Myanmar	Alcoholic beverages- Must be samples max wt: 5kgs (11lbs) and value under USD50. Otherwise subj to customs penalty, duty & tax, or confiscated.
Nepal	Not possible to send Alcohol to this country
Netherlands	No known limitations. Duties vary depending on alcohol volume percentage and type of wine. VAT: 21%. No low value exemptions. VI 1 or VI 2 certificate required for shipments over 100 litres.
New Caledonia	No known Limitations

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New Zealand	<p>No known limitations. Receiver may be asked to complete and Importer Code application form if the value is higher than threshold for alcohol import. Excise duty:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Containing more than 14% volume, fortified by the addition of spirits or any substance containing spirits - \$50.75 per litre alcohol - Other (unfortified table wine) \$2.78 per litre. <p>Import duty: Up to 5% (based on FOB value). GST: 15% (based on CIF* & duty). *Declared value, insurance & freight. Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days.</p> <p>** Beer**</p> <p>For beer we need to know the alcohol percentage and number of bottles in the shipment. Licence isn't required, but if it's over NZD\$1000 the consignee will require a client code with NZ Customs and we will need to ensure the supplier is registered with NZ Customs as well</p>
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Norway	<p>No known limitations.</p> <p>For private use, the consignee must be of legal age. (18 years old and over for wine and beer. 20 years old and over for liquor). Company's need to have an importation license. Special taxes for wine and sparkling wine (4.7%–22%). Alcohol tax: NOK 4.54 per percentage alcohol by volume and litre.</p> <p>Environmental tax on beverage container (glass), NOK 5.34 per packaging unit. Tax is based on single-use container NOK 1.10 per packaging unit.</p> <p>VAT: 25% on purchase price & special taxes. If shipping charges included, it is decided by terms of trade.</p> <p>Average clearance time is 2 to 4 business days, providing all documentation and permit requirements are in order. Discrepancies with permits and documentation can cause lengthy delays. This procedure is controlled by the Norwegian Drugs Administration and is not able to be influenced by DHL Express.</p> <p>Commercial invoice accompanying the shipment must clearly state the following: – Quantity</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Brand name – Alcohol percentage – Manufacturer of the wine. Companies must hold an import license. <p>Shipments containing alcoholic beverages will suffer a delay of 1 to 7 days due to clearance processing. Duties and taxes apply regardless. Importation by companies requires a licence from the Norwegian Drug Administration.</p>
Pakistan	Due to the laws of the Muslim religion, alcohol is prohibited from being imported into Pakistan.
Panama	<p>No known limitations.</p> <p>Import tax: 15%</p> <p>ITMB: 10%</p> <p>Excise tax: Between 0.5 and 0.35 cents per litre based on the percentage of alcohol. Maximum of 5 bottles for sample or personal consumption. Requires the approval from the local authorities. Average clearance time is 3 to 4 business days. Certificate of Origin (COO),</p> <p>Requires AUPSA notification (AUPSA (Autoridad Panameña de Seguridad de Alimentos) regulates the importation of food products for human consumption).</p>
Papua New Guinea	<p>No known limitations.</p> <p>Average clearance time is 2 business days.</p> <p>Consignee is required to provide an import permit.</p>

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Peru	<p>Samples without value are not accepted.</p> <p>Shipments containing more than 3 litres must be sent on a Door-to-Airport Airfreight service.</p> <p>Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days. For large commercial shipments, consignee is responsible for Customs clearance and collection from the airport.</p> <p>Personal shipments (under 3 litres) – consignee must provide a sworn declaration.</p> <p>For personal shipments, greater than 3 litres and all commercial shipments, the consignee must provide a permit from the Health Ministry in Peru.</p>
Philippines	<p>2 Bottle limit or 1.5L if for personal use</p> <p>If over this qty, Receiver must Apply for Import Permit and licence via the FDA in Philippines.</p> <p>Duty - 7.0 % CIF</p> <p>VAT - 12.0 % CIFD</p> <p>Average clearance time is 2 to 3 business days. Commercial consumption requires Authority to Release Imported Goods (ATRIG) from Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR). Make a notation on the Commercial Invoice that the wine is for “personal use not for resale”. List all types of wine sent and state still or sparkling.</p>

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Poland	<p>A maximum of 2 litres for personal consumption. There are no limits with company.</p> <p>Private consumption of value up to 22€ will have no charges applied.</p> <p>Charges will apply for gifts with a value greater than 45€.</p> <p>Duty: 1.75€/ % volume/ hector litre.</p> <p>VAT: 23%</p> <p>Excise: 318 PLZ/hector litres.</p> <p>Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days.</p> <p>Bottles without Polish Excise Bonds will need to be dispatched to the Excise Bond warehouse, with which consignee have written agreement.</p> <p>Required from consignee motion to customer for making transit and copy of agreement between importer and Excise Bond warehouse. The commercial invoice/ declaration must include the alcohol percentage.</p> <p>Company: there must be Polish bonds on bottles. Shipment must be sent only with invoice; no additional documentation is required. Bottles must be marked as samples (on labels for example). Required from Consignee: Power of Attorney (POA) to clear goods and motion to Customs for duty and tax relief for food stamps. Non-commercial and low value shipments ONLY from private persons to private with quantity limit of 1 litre for spirits, 2 litres for wines, 5 litters of beer. Commercial and high value shipments must be marked with polish tax bonds (excise tax) shipper in Australia needs to contact receiver in Poland BEFORE shipping to get these bonds since they can only be printed and bought by a Polish company in National Treasury in Poland. The importer has to be holder of the authorization on the excisable products (authorized warehouse keeper), otherwise no DHL clearance available.</p>
Portugal	<p>If wine shipment is greater than 500 litres, the shipper would need to provide VI 1 certificate or VI 2 documentation.</p> <p>Shipments which are 5 litres or less, labelled and fitted with a non-reusable closing device, where the total quantity does not exceed 100 litres, are exempted of the Presentation of Certificate and analysis report. Although it does consist of several consignments.</p> <p>VATS: 13% of CIF* value, Duty: 15.4€/hector litre. *Declared value, insurance & freight. Average clearance time is 2 to 3 business days.</p> <p>Contact Get Freightd for additional info</p>
Puerto Rico	<p>Shipments without Import License will be held until consignee pays required duty/taxes directly to the Puerto Rico Treasury Dept. (Hacienda) and supplies DHL with a release from Hacienda. Consignee has 5 working days for domestic origins & 30 days for int'l origins to clear shpt with Hacienda. All Alcoholic Beverages MUST contain the Standard DHL ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE STICKER on pkg. All Alcoholic Beverage shpts will be held pending release from the Puerto Rico Dept. of Treasury, Alcoholic Beverages Division.</p>
Qatar	<p>To Qatar: Prohibited unless receiver has import permit</p>

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Romania	<p>A maximum of 2 litres for personal consumption.</p> <p>Commercial shipments must have Romanian excise tax stamps attached to the bottles. All shipments are subject to formal clearance.</p> <p>Duty: 20.9€/100 litres VAT: 24%</p> <p>Excise tax: 165€/100 litres multiply by the percentage of alcohol. Average clearance time depends on how fast importer sends clearance documentation.</p> <p>Average clearance time is 3 business days. Phytosanitary certificate, analysis certificate, quality and conformity certificate and invoice. Company: EORI Number and authorisation to import excise products for importer.</p>
Russia	<p>Wine is a restricted commodity. There is no DDP for Russia, so receiver has to pay for duties and Taxes.</p> <p>We suggest contacting Get Freightd prior to shipping to Russia because the nature of their regulations has been known to change periodically. Certain regions of Russia have their own rules, some regions prohibit the entry of alcohol. They must be addressed to a company, no private shipments allowed.</p> <p>Alcoholic beverages can only be imported by licensed companies and the goods can be cleared at specially dedicate excise Customs points. Duty: 18.1% of customs value (value of the goods & transport). VAT: 18% paid on top of customs value and duty.</p> <p>Excise depends on the type of wine and it varies from 0.5€ per litre (for sparkling wines) up to 10€ per litre (for other wines). Clearance procedure is not adopted.</p> <p>Non-documents not allowed, however Latvia is no problem. (is close to the border). Rules for Latvia: Any quantity dutiable and taxable, for legal persons (companies) import licence is required.</p>
Saudi Arabia	<p>Due to the laws of the Muslim religion, alcohol is prohibited from being imported into Saudi Arabia.</p>

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Singapore	<p>The import of liquors is subject to payment of duty and GST even if it is meant for personal consumption. Duty: Total quantity in litres multiply by excise duty rate multiply by percentage of alcoholic strength. GST: 7% of duty and CIF* value of the wines/liquor. Excise duty rate varies and is dependent on Harmonised System (HS) Code. *Declared value, insurance and freight. In the case where Customs conducts an inspection of goods and documents, a delay of 1 to 2 business days can be expected. Dutiable item. Delay: 1-2 days. Invoice must state number of bottles per shipment, Alcohol Strength, Brand Name, litre per bottle, specify Sparkling or Still Wine. Work on about \$8-\$10 per bottle. (Excise tax and GST) Singapore 8-10 dollars per bottle, dependant on price and %.</p> <p>Duty calculation:</p> <p>*Total wine litre x SGD88 (Per litre of Alcohol) x Alcohol strength percentage %* For example – (132bottles x 0.75L=99L) x SGD88 x 17% =SGD1481.04 (Duties amount)</p>
Slovenia	<p>Samples or gifts addressed to individuals must be limited to 1 litre for sparkling wine. All other types of wine have a 2-litre limit. To a company: 6 bottles 750ml per bottle up to 18% - Samples Only – not for resale. VAT: 9.5%</p> <p>Customs duty for sparkling wine: 32€/ hector litre. Duties for other wine ranges from 13.10€ to 15.40€/hector litre. Excise duty varies on the type of wine. Standard formal clearance declaration.</p>
Solomon Islands	<p>It is best if the receiver calls customs up locally Re licencing. However, if its for personal use/gift they shouldn't need one even if it is over 2L. As long as they are willing to pay duties and taxes. Local customs can provide estimates.If the value is kept under 20 USD Duty free, anything over they'll need to pay for duties and taxes</p>

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South Africa	<p>No known limitations. For commercial quantities, the customer needs to be registered as an imported.</p> <p>Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days.</p> <p>* Please note that South Africa Customs frequently detain wine shipments from random inspection, at a rate of 90%. In this situation please allow an extra 1 to 2 business days' delay. All shipments of wine will automatically be detained for the Plant inspectorate. The shipments will then be released on "extended detention" which means we will have to get release from the Liquor Division for the Department of Agriculture. This process will delay the final release of the shipment as the inspector will have to assess each case on its merits. The Inspectorate will have to extract sample for submission to the Liquor Board in Stellenbosch for all shipments in excess of 12 litres.</p> <p>No issues sending wine to South Africa: However, what they will do if you are sending more than 12L is open 1 bottle and take a small sample to be tested by the Liquor Board. Its standard procedure, so your receiver should be aware of this anyway but I'd advise also letting them know that 1 bottle will have a repacking seal on it due to South African customs policies. It's all done professionally under camera within DHL's guidelines for safe handling.</p>
Spain	<p>Wine is subjected to the sanitary border controls.</p> <p>Duty varies depending on type of wine and percentage of alcohol.</p> <p>The average rate is 15.4€/hectolitre. Excise rate: 0%, VAT: 21%</p> <p>Average clearance time is 2 to 3 business days. The Importer of Record (IoR) must provide DHL with a Power of Attorney (POA) and documentation for sanitary controls purposes. In case the IoR is an authorised warehouse keeper, shipment is to be handled in suspense excise regime. DHL must be provided with warehouse license number. For non-commercial and low value shipments: quantity limit of 1 litter for spirits, 2 litres for wines. Commercial and high value shipments subjected to the excise tax, the importer has to be holder of the authorization on the excisable products (authorized warehouse keeper), otherwise no DHL clearance available. Goods subjected to the sanitary controls.</p>
Sri Lanka	<p>Consignee should have registered VAT number with Sri Lanka Customs.</p> <p>Consignee has to be registered at Sri Lanka Excise Department for the commercial imports. Duty: 200 LKR per litre</p> <p>Other taxes: 22% from CIF* value.</p> <p>*Declared value, insurance and freight.</p> <p>Wine sample can be Clear on Arrival (COA) but commercial shipments will take two business days for clearance. Sample shipment, up to 5 bottles, can be cleared on arrival without any approval. Commercial shipment to include VAT and excise registration.</p> <p>For commercial shipment, consignee should provide the payment details on how the money has been transferred to supplier.</p> <p>Since it is importing for personal use & not a commercial quantity no special approval needed. Duty details. Duty: Rs.200.00 per Ltr, Cess: 30%, VAT: 12%, PAL: 5%, NBT: 2%</p>

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Sweden	<p>A maximum of 2 litres for personal consumption/gift. (Invoice should be made out from the individual, not the winery – no winery details) A permit must be obtained for company shipment.</p> <p>Companies will need: A permit, duty and taxes vary according to literage, percentage of alcohol and € currency. VAT: 25% Personal: Duty, taxes and VAT calculated 30sek (3–4€) per litre. Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days.</p> <p>Consignee must obtain an import permit. <u>Questions</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Does the receiver of the wines need to be a distributor? The receiver needs to have a permit to import alcohol. • Can anyone apply for an import permit to receive wine or do you need to be a company? It needs to be a company with wine or alcohol as business. • Do DHL Sweden know other ways that wine can be sent to Sweden, because we have some people that do get wine into Sweden and they are not companies? If the quantity is over the limit for gift or if it's a purchase for private use, the purchaser can contact a company in Sweden that has a permit to import alcohol. They can then ask for assistance to clear the shipment. We will then declare the wine on the company's VAT number, please also note that we need to deliver the package to the company and not to the private person directly. • Are there distributors in Sweden that can receive and clear the wine for customers? yes • What are the requirements/procedures to obtain an import permit? We don't know what is needed and required exactly. The company who wants to apply for a permit need to contact Swedish Tax Agency to get correct info.
Switzerland	<p>No restriction for Wine for a private person. We need as usual invoice with realistic value and Airwaybill</p> <p>Taxes: 8%</p> <p>Duties for Red wine: 2.45 chf/liter</p> <p>Duties for white wine: 3 chf/liter</p> <p>Over 20 kg, we need a permit and in this case if the consignee is a private person we can take the general permit nr. 479999 Minimum value per 0.7 litre bottle is 20CHF. This equates to 16.50€ when value is unrealistic. VAT: 8%</p> <p>Red wine</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Private duties: Shipments that are 20kg and above will be charged 2.45CHF per litre - Private duties: 20kg and below will be charged 50 CHF per 100kg gross weight - Commercial duties: 50 CHF per 100kg gross weight. White wine - Private duties: 20kg and above will be charged 3 CHF per litre - Private duties: 20kg and below will be charged 50 CHF per 100kg gross weight – Commercial duties: 50 CHF per 100kg gross weight. <p>No limit of how much to send only duties and taxes of Duties (32USD/kg) apply to all shipments above 14% vol</p>

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Taiwan	<p>If over 5 litres, consignee required to obtain a wine and tobacco license.</p> <p>Import duty tax: 10%</p> <p>Alcohol tax: Calculated by Customs.</p> <p>VAT: 5 %</p> <p>Please be advised that DHL cannot clear the shipment without Importer of Record (IOR). It must have a company or individual as IOR for Customs clearance.</p> <p>Consignee must provide the following documents for import:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Power of Attorney (POA)- Taiwan ID for personal shipment or copy of passport for foreigner. <p>6 bottles only - If over 5 litres, cnee required to have Licence of Wine & Tobacco. Pls ensure shpt is packed to prevent spillage and damage to containers. Expect delays: 2-3 days. Imported Scotch whisky will be taxed. Released only upon presentation of a 'certificate of age & origin for Scotch whisky 'issued by the Customs of UK/GB & Northern Ireland.</p>
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Thailand	<p>Not recommended to send here unless receiver is licenced importer of alcoholic beverages. Average clearance time is 3-5 days.</p> <p>Import license required for commercial use or for shipments greater than 10 litres.</p> <p>Import license not required for personal consumption, sample or less than 10 litres. Import duty: CIF* multiply by Import Duty Rate (60%).</p> <p>VAT: CIF* plus Import duty amount plus excise tax amount plus local tax amount) multiply by 7%.</p> <p>Excise tax: Differs based on alcohol content, volume or value.</p> <p>*Declared value, insurance and freight.</p> <p>Total import duty and tax amount Import duty amount + excise tax amount + local tax amount + Office of Fund for Health promotion tax amount + Thai public broadcasting tax amount + special tax (depending on government announcement) + special surcharge tax (if any) + Ministry of Finance fee (if any) + VAT</p> <p>For general clearance, the following must be present:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Import license for commercial shipments greater than 10 litres – Airwaybill – Commercial invoice. For E-Paperless registrations the following applies: - Paperless registration form no.1 to 3 - Paperless registration form no.7 - Authorisation Letter and/or Power of Attorney (POA) - Original Card or Passport ID - Company Registration, not greater than 6 months - VAT Registration (PP20) - POA for company stamper. <p>Government can implement special tax for import luxury goods at any given time. Hand carry is recommended.</p> <p>The limit is 10litres as long as: Required import license from Excise department and Food and Drug Administration prior to shipment arrival. Wine and liquor are subject to import duty and taxes over 400%, and only to the authorized dealer with import license applied prior shipment arrival. It is prohibited to import to any individual person even in personal use”. No personal use samples basically.</p> <p>To import over 1 litre or commercial purpose required import license from Excise Department prior to shipment arrival. Alcohol beverage is subjected to excise tax and import duty. Excise tax is up to 60% of CIF value or 400 baht per 100 degree per litre of which one is higher. Import Duty can be up to 48% of shipment value or 155 baht per 100 degree per litre on which on is higher.</p> <p>If a shipment requires an import license and arrives in Thailand without one, the following option applies: Obtain the license and pay the fine and penalty of 20% of CIF or 20,000 THB maximum. If you do not, or cannot obtain the license you need to pay the said fines and shipment will be confiscated (Customs process is started) or not pay the fines and abandon the shipment (customs process is not started). Shipment cannot RTO without license. Thai Customs assess penalties on all import infractions, but holds the importer responsible for under declared value and inadequate or inaccurate description of the goods. Penalties can be up to 4 times the value.</p>
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Trinidad and Tobago	There is no restriction in bringing in wine or any restriction in the amount that can enter the country. However, a first-time importer (the receiver) would have to prepare a letter To the Food and drugs Division located on Frederick Street in Port of Spain. The letter is to inform them of their intention of importing the wine and the quantity they are importing. Also, it should state where it would be stored. They also mention that a sample would be necessary to accompany this letter.
Turkey	Company must hold an Import licence. DHL Turkey cannot clear shipments for private use. Individuals can only receive wine at airport duty free. Duty and excise tax between 150% and 170% of the CIF value. VAT: 18%. Importer must have Monopoly license to import wine and must be a registered legal entity in Turkey. Formal broker clearance for importer company is necessary by DHL's broker or importer's own broker. Customs clearance is the responsibility of the importer. Certificate of Origin (COO).
Ukraine	Alcohol is prohibited by private individuals in Ukraine. Ukraine is closed for DDP. Wine Duty: 0.3€/ 1litre Excise tax: 2.86uah/1litre VAT: 20% Sparkling wine Duty: 1.5€/1litre Excise tax: 4.16uah/1litre VAT: 20%. Formal declaration is required for any amount of alcohol. Customs clearance is the responsibility of the consignee. Consignee should be Ukraine registered legal entity and also be registered at local Customs. Import license from Ministry of Economy (Ukrainian State Governmental Authority), Certificate of Conformity, Sanitary epidemiological committee permission. From shipper: Certificate of Origin (COO) (also special paperwork where info about percentage of alcohol will be indicated) All labels must correspond to the contents.

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United Arab Emirate	<p>Maximum of 2 bottles allowed for personal consumption if consigned to a non-Muslim individual, who holds a valid residence permit in UAE. 50% of the CIF* value.</p> <p>*Declared value, insurance and freight.</p> <p>Personal shipments within the 2 bottle limit may be cleared on the same day.</p> <p>If not, please send as Door-to-Airport (DTA) on separate Manual Airwaybill (MAWB) for the consignee to process self-clearance. For personnel shipments, a copy of the passport and visa page is required. To United Arab Emirates: MUST TRAVEL OFF-NET as Door-to-Airport shipments, under separate MAWB for receiver to clear (also req AWB, Invoice and Packing list). Please consign the shipments to the actual receiver c/o DHL. Receiver must provide licence for clearance; otherwise shipment will be confiscated.</p> <p>Shipping to Dubai is a door to door service. Receiver will have to collect the alcohol from the airport once the shipment is cleared. The shipment needs to be addressed to receiver but marked "Care of DHL". Receiver must obtain a licence to receive the alcohol prior to the shipping, if license is not provided on request, the shipment will be destroyed. If less than 2 bottles no problem, more than 2 bottles licence required.</p>
United Kingdom	<p>If the shipment contains over 100 litres of the same wine, the shipper must provide a VI1 form.</p> <p>VAT: 20% of the declared plus freight charges plus Customs duty plus excise duty.</p> <p>Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days, providing that shipment is not selected at random for inspection by Customs.</p> <p>High rates of Duty can apply. WINE - When sending Wine exceeding 100 litres in volume, contact emahubdefra@dhl.com as additional documentation will often be required. Shipments containing alcohol being sent to a private individual MUST always be sent to a permanent residence.</p>

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USA	<p>We have 2 procedures in place for shipping wine to the USA:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Consumer shipments or gifts/samples Via BTL in Adelaide, whereby the receiver is not licenced, the freight charge includes duties/taxes and insurance (Use the USA tab on the booking system). You can send to every State except Utah. No restrictions. 2. Samples - Via DHL (Using The rest of the world Tab on the booking system) <u>We have an FAQ sheet for sending to the USA Via DHL available upon request.</u> <p>Consignee must be a licensed commercial alcoholic beverage importer and must hold the applicable State and Federal alcoholic beverage licenses. Duty is varied based on type of wine, alcohol content. Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days for FDA clearance. Please provide the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Power of Attorney (POA) - FDA facility registration number - Manufacturers name and address - Detailed description on invoice including type of wine, bottle size and alcohol content – Certificate of Label Approval (COLA) or waiver letter from TTB. <p>At present, only able to deliver alcohol to licensed importers to the following states Alabama* (AL), Arkansas* (AR), California* (CA), Colorado* (CO), Connecticut (CT), Florida* (FL), Georgia (GA), Illinois* (IL), Kentucky* (KY), Louisiana* (LA), Michigan*(MI), Minnesota* (MN), Missouri* (MO), New York* (NY), North Carolina* (NC), Oregon* (OR), Pennsylvania* (PA), Tennessee* (TN), Texas* (TX), Washington (WA), Wisconsin* (WI) and US Territory - Puerto Rico*. Those states with an * (asterisk) also require a state level alcohol permit as well as the Federal Permit which is required in all states. FDA prior notice is also required for all alcohol shipments. Imports destined for any other state or to private individuals will be returned upon arrival.</p>
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Vanuatu	<p>For Alcohols, to be imported to Vanuatu, the person need a permit / licence issued by the issuing authority here in Vanuatu. As mentioned on restriction regulation.</p> <p>The Duty for Wines is 40% with an Excise Tax of 300vt per litre and a 12.5% VAT.</p> <p>For a list of Tarriff codes, please ask Get Freighted.</p>
Vietnam	<p>New rule as of 1/10/15 any personal wine is prohibited. For individual, it is not allowed to import alcohol.</p> <p>Consignee must be a licensed commercial alcoholic beverage importer/trader.</p> <p>Duty is varied based on type of wine, alcohol content, is from: 20–55% for import duty tax, 45–60% special duty tax, VAT: 10%</p> <p>Average clearance time is 2 to 5 business days. Food safety testing.</p> <p><u>For Commercial shipments</u></p> <p>Sanitary certificate needed.</p> <p>For company, import license is required. Link http://www.moit.gov.vn</p>
Zimbabwe	<p>No know limitations. Duty: 75%. Surtax: 10%. Average clearance time is 1 to 2 business days.</p>

- CIF: Cost Including Freight charges (Customs add the freight charges to the value of the wines before they do their calculations)
- Cnee = Consignee (Receiver)
- Cnor = Consignor (Shipper)
- Duties and Taxes are not inclusive of some DHL admin fees that are payable by the receiver. These amounts will always be clearly marked on the invoice they receive.
- When exporting over 99L of wine from Australia, you will need an export permit. However, if you split the shipment so you are under this threshold you will be able to send without a permit.
- Check the Australia Section when importing wine from overseas.
- Rest of the world Tab on our websites links to Sending via DHL. USA/China Tabs link to our BTL console shipments that leave via Adelaide.

Please note that the information in this document should be used as a guide only as customs regulations and duty/tax rates can change without any given notice in each destination country.